

# Novometric Analysis vs. MANOVA: MMPI Codetype, Gender, Setting, and the MacAndrew Alcoholism Scale

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Prior research examined scores on the MacAndrew Alcoholism (MAC) scale for three Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory (MMPI) codetypes within three samples: psychiatric inpatients and outpatients; medical outpatients referred for a psychiatric evaluation; and alcoholic inpatients.<sup>1</sup> Analysis via factorial MANOVA<sup>2,3</sup> revealed: “Mean MAC scores varied drastically as a function of MMPI codetype, gender, and the specific setting in which the MMPI was administered. These large variations in MAC scores suggest that the use of a single cutting score, typically a raw score of 24 or higher, may be inappropriate” (p. 39). These findings obtained by MANOVA are compared with the findings of novometric statistical analysis for this application.

Novometric analysis<sup>4</sup> treated MAC score (<24 vs.  $\geq 24$ ) as the class variable, and gender, setting, and codetype as categorical attributes. The globally-optimal (GO) model, that was stable in jackknife analysis was: if gender=female predict MAC<24; otherwise predict MAC $\geq 24$ . This model accurately classified 56.4% of people with MAC<24, and 76.3% of people with MAC  $\geq 24$ : moderate ESS=32.55, D=4.12,  $p < 0.001$ . In contrast to the conclusion reached vis-à-vis MANOVA—that mean MAC scores varied drastically as a function of MMPI codetype, gender and setting, novometric analysis comparing entire score distributions identified a moderate effect attributable only to gender.

## References

- <sup>1</sup> Greene RL (1994). Relationships among MMPI codetype, gender, and setting and the MacAndrew Alcoholism Scale. *Assessment*, 1, 39-46.
- <sup>2</sup> Grimm LG, Yarnold PR (1995). *Reading and understanding multivariate statistics*. Washington, DC: APA Books.
- <sup>3</sup> Grimm LG, Yarnold PR (1995). *Reading and understanding more multivariate statistics*. Washington, DC: APA Books.
- <sup>4</sup> Yarnold PR, Soltysik RC (2016). *Maximizing predictive accuracy*. Chicago, IL: ODA Books. DOI: 10.13140/RG.2.1.1368.3286

### **Author Notes**

The study analyzed publically available data.  
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